

ABSTRAK

HUBUNGAN ANTARA TINGKAT KEPATUHAN MINUM OBAT DENGAN KEBERHASILAN PENGOBATAN TB PARU DI PUSKESMAS TANAH GROGOT KABUPATEN PASER. (Oleh Halimatussa'diyah; Pembimbing apt. Sari Wahyunita, M. Farm dan Dr. apt. Hasan Ismail, S.Farm., M.M; Banjarbaru: S-1 Farmasi, Universitas Borneo Lestari; 2024; 63 Halaman)

Tuberkulosis menjadi salah satu penyakit menular yang hingga saat ini menjadi masalah kesehatan masyarakat di dunia, terutama di Indonesia. Tuberkulosis paru merupakan penyakit menular langsung yang disebabkan oleh kuman *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui hubungan antara kepatuhan minum obat terhadap keberhasilan pengobatan pada pasien tuberkulosis paru. Penelitian ini menggunakan jenis penelitian kuantitatif dengan pendekatan *cross sectional*. Populasi adalah seluruh pasien tuberkulosis di Puskesmas Tanah Grogot Kabupaten Paser selama tiga bulan terakhir dari bulan Oktober sampai Desember 2023, yakni berjumlah 23 orang. Hasil uji statistik didapatkan bahwa terdapat hubungan yang signifikan antara tingkat kepatuhan minum obat dengan keberhasilan pengobatan tuberkulosis paru. Saran bagi institusi kesehatan diharapkan dapat memberikan edukasi dan penyuluhan yang lebih rinci terhadap pasien tuberkulosis paru dan mempertahankan program pengendalian tuberkulosis paru guna meningkatkan keberhasilan pengobatan.

Kata Kunci: Kepatuhan Minum Obat, Keberhasilan Pengobatan, Tuberkulosis Paru

ABSTRACT

THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN LEVELS OF MEDICATION ADHERENCE WITH SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT OF PULMONARY TB AT THE TANAH GROGOT COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER, PASER REGENCY. (By Halimatussa'diyah; Apt supervisor. Sari Wahyunita, M.Farm and Dr.apt. Hasan Ismail, S.Farm., M.M; Banjarbaru: Bachelor of Pharmacy, Kalimantan Lestari University; 2024; 63 Pages)

Tuberculosis is an infectious disease that is currently a public health problem in the world, especially in Indonesia. Pulmonary tuberculosis is a direct infectious disease caused by the bacterium Mycobacterium tuberculosis. The aim of this study was to determine the relationship between medication adherence and treatment success in pulmonary tuberculosis patients. This research uses a quantitative type of research with a cross sectional approach. The population is all tuberculosis patients at the Tanah Grogot Community Health Center, Paser Regency during the last three months from October to December 2023, namely 23 people. The results of statistical tests showed that there was a significant relationship between the level of adherence to taking medication and the success of treatment for pulmonary tuberculosis. Suggestions for health institutions are expected to provide more detailed education and counseling for pulmonary tuberculosis patients and maintain pulmonary tuberculosis control programs in order to increase the success of treatment.

Keywords: Medication Adherence, Treatment Success, Pulmonary Tuberculosis